LEGISLATIVE SERVICES AGENCY OFFICE OF FISCAL AND MANAGEMENT ANALYSIS

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FISCAL IMPACT STATEMENT

LS 6116 NOTE PREPARED: Jan 17, 2013

BILL NUMBER: SB 228 BILL AMENDED:

SUBJECT: Indiana Public Retirement System Administrative Matters.

FIRST AUTHOR: Sen. Boots

BILL STATUS: CR Adopted - 1st House

FIRST SPONSOR:

FUNDS AFFECTED: X GENERAL IMPACT: State & Local

DEDICATED FEDERAL

<u>Summary of Legislation:</u> *INPRS Officer Election*: The bill provides that the Board of the Indiana Public Retirement System (INPRS) shall elect officers by December 31 of each year, rather than on June 30, as specified in current law.

PERF Vesting of Beneficiary: The bill provides that, for a Public Employee Retirement Fund (PERF) member who dies after June 30, 2013, the right to receive a death benefit from PERF vests with the designated beneficiary on file with PERF at the time of the member's death.

TRF and PERF Criminal Taking: The bill requires that an order for restitution be issued by the sentencing court before money may be taken from a PERF member's account to compensate an employer for a criminal taking by the member, and provides that money may be taken from a TRF member's account in the same manner as with PERF.

Effective Date: July 1, 2013.

Explanation of State Expenditures: *INPRS Officer Election*: The change of the election date of INPRS board officers from June 30th to December 31st would allow the selection of board officers after the terms of new board members begin on July 1. This change may be made with no additional state expenditure.

PERF Vesting of Beneficiary: The creation of a beneficiary vesting statute for PERF makes PERF statute consistent with TRF statute, which has a beneficiary vesting provision. This change will also make the statute for PERF consistent with current administrative policy. In 2011/2012, due to no statute regarding PERF beneficiary vesting, there have been eight instances in which PERF members' survivors have disputed the designated beneficiary's right to receive PERF benefits. These disputes resulted in additional time and expense due to legal proceedings. This change should minimize similar ongoing legal costs and staff time associated with such disputes.

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TRF and PERF Criminal Taking: The bill creates a provision where TRF funds in a member's account may be used to compensate an employer for criminal taking. This will make TRF statute consistent with current PERF law. In addition, the bill makes changes in statute for both PERF and TRF, whereby the loss to the employer must be proven by an order for restitution that is issued by the sentencing court prior to money being taken from a TRF or PERF member's account to compensate the employer for a criminal taking by the member. These changes will allow TRF member employers to recoup some or all of the losses associated with criminal taking by certain members and will address changes in the law for both PERF and TRF in those instances where the member does not receive a misdemeanor or felony conviction but rather takes part in a plea agreement. By requiring an order for restitution, it is possible to be compensated in those cases where a conviction does not take place.

It is as yet unknown how many instances of TRF criminal taking have occurred, but in 2011/2012, PERF witnessed approximately 14 such cases seeking reimbursement from PERF members.

<u>Background:</u> In 2010, legislation approving the merging of PERF and TRF was adopted by the Indiana General Assembly, thereby creating INPRS. Each retirement fund continues as a separate fund under the oversight of INPRS and its nine-member board of trustees. Individual fund status for each will continue to be calculated separately.

Explanation of State Revenues:

Explanation of Local Expenditures: See *Explanation of State Expenses*.

Explanation of Local Revenues:

State Agencies Affected: Indiana Public Retirement System.

Local Agencies Affected: Local PERF and TRF employers.

<u>Information Sources:</u> Allison Karns, INPRS (akarns@inprs.in.gov); Pension Management Oversight Committee.

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